1 (Guttridge Deposition Exhibit 3 was marked for identification.) 2 3 Α. Okay. Have you ever seen that document before? 4 Q. No. 5 Α. 6 Ο. I'll submit to you that this is a list of 7 employees from the Process Department that were discharged from BE&K from starting from 2003, I believe, 8 through 2004. I just want to direct you to the entry for 9 Nasim Hassan, Nasim Hassan. Do you see that? 10 11 Α. Yes. 12 It says his date of birth 10/14/1942. So as of 13 November of 2003 that would have made Mr. Hassan 61 years old. Would you agree with me? 14 Yes, that looks right. 15 Α. I believe I asked you this question, but all of 16 17 the individuals who were working on this particular 18 DuPont project with you were all doing the same task with 19 respect to the devices that came in? 20 Α. Yes. 21 0. Now, do you find it odd that you were doing the same type of work that other, more experienced engineers 22 23 were doing?

Objection.

MS. DIBIANCA:

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That calls for

speculation. You can answer.

A. Okay. Within this project, just like all other of engineering, there are certain things that are easier to do and certain things that are harder to do. And when I started, I, I started with things that were much, much easier, of less complicated, that a less experienced engineer could do and could learn from.

Whereas I know, looking at this list right now, as far as Gladys Delgado was doing more complex calculations within the scope of the project.

- Q. Anything else?
- A. No.

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- Q. Was Delgado, Pham and Hassan and yourself
  checking the adequacy of existing devices when they came
  in?
  - A. Could you rephrase that?
  - Q. When Mr. Baker would give you an assignment, were you checking the adequacy of the existing devices, of the existing device that came in?
  - A. Yes, that's pretty much the first step that we take.
- Q. Was Delgado, Pham and Hassan doing the same thing?
  - MS. DIBIANCA: I'm going to object to the

extent it asks him to speculate. You can answer.

- A. They -- yes, that was the scope of the project, so they would have had to do the same thing too.
- Q. If the device was not sized adequately, did you perform calculations to resize the device?
- A. We would perform calculations to resize a certain part of a system, sometimes the device, sometimes something else, to make the device work. But calculations were performed to make the system adequate.
  - Q. So that's what you would do?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. And was that also what Delgado, Pham and Hassan would do?
  - A. Yes.
  - MS. DIBIANCA: I'm going to restate my objection, for the record.
- 17. A. Yes.
  - Q. If you received relief devices that did not have the proper equipment, what would you do again?
  - A. If we received -- if we found equipment that didn't have the proper devices, now that necessarily didn't happen -- that necessarily wasn't assigned to us, that was more something that you find or the plant would find, but if we found something that wasn't sized

- adequate, or wasn't sized at all, we would check with the
  DuPont plants, the engineers, to make sure that there was
  no protection, and then we would proceed with sizing
  something that would adequately protect the system.
  - Q. And this is what you would do in the event that happened?
    - A. Yes.

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- Q. And this is also what Delgado, Pham and Hassan would do in the event that happened?
- MS. DIBIANCA: I'm going to restate my objection.
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And again, devices that would come in, that you were working on, were such devices as relief valves?
  - A. Mm-hmm.
  - Q. Ruptured disks, conservation vents, flame arresters, free vents, and overflows?
  - A. Yes, that sounds right.
- Q. And was Delgado, Pham and Hassan also responsible for the same type of devices that I just described?
  - A. Yes, they would have been.
- Q. Now, when you started in November of 2003 who were you reporting to?
  - A. Well, I started in June/July of 2003.

1 Α. Yes, yes. Thank you. Now, do you know what project Juan 2 Q. 3 Perez was working on at the time he was terminated? Α. No. 4 Do you know if his project had ended at the time 5 6 he was terminated, before he was terminated? 7 MS. DIBIANCA: I think you --THE WITNESS: No. 8 MR. ANGLADE: You had to state something? 9 MS. DIBIANCA: That's all right. 10 BY MR. ANGLADE: 11 12 Do you know the type of work Juan Perez was doing 0. when he worked for BE&K? 13 No. 14 Α. 15 Q. Do you know what projects he was working on? MS. DIBIANCA: Objection. It has been asked 16 17 and answered. 18 No. Α. 19 Of the new hires that you just listed for Okay. 20 me that you can remember after 2003, it appears that none 21 of them, based on what you told me, none of them are over 22 the age of 40; is that correct? 23 Without knowing their birth dates, yes, I would

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-- my guess is yes.

- A. It is an informal title.
- Q. Were you ever a project lead on any project before becoming one for the DTT project?
  - A. No.

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- Q. Have you ever led any projects indirectly before formally becoming the project lead on the DTT project?
  - A. At BE&K?
  - Q. Yes.
  - A. No.
- Q. Now, the process engineers in the Process

  Department, are they moved around to different projects?
- A. Depending on a project's needs, sometimes that happens.
- Q. Like give me an example of like when that could happen.
- A. For instance, the one engineer that -- okay. One person here is a good idea, Shea Taylor. She is on -- right here, number 2. Shea had been on the DTT project for awhile. I'm guessing a year or so. Then her -- she was asked to help with another project. It was another DuPont project. And she was splitting time 50-50.

Then a plant within the same business unit as that other project was undergoing a major project, and they requested her specifically because she had

- familiarity with the process, familiarity with the business unit and their engineers, so they requested her to be a lead engineer on that project. So she left DTT altogether and went to work on that other project. That's like an example of what would happen.
- Q. Now, I believe I had asked you if you had ever -no, I don't think I asked you this. Have you ever
  received any training on being a project lead?
  - A. Not that I recall, no.
- Q. So you were just elevated to become the project lead of DTT, correct?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Did anyone give you any advice on how to take on that new position?
  - A. Yes, yes, I did receive some advice.
  - Q. Who gave you the advice?
- A. I think Jack Baker gave me some, and then Dan Dayton, the client, the DuPont client also gave me some advice.
  - Q. What did Dan Dayton tell you?
- A. Basically, just not to -- that I'm going to have to give up some of the engineering, the actual, the calculations, the actual engineering work, and I'm going to have to budget my time better, and not spend so much



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time worrying about calculations and spend more time managing and coordinating budgets and work of the plants.

That kind of stuff.

- Q. Did he ever give you any advice about DuPont requirements with certain projects?
  - A. What do you mean "DuPont requirements"?
- Q. With each project is there certain requirements that DuPont mandates?
- A. Okay, yes, DuPont does have a set of standards and guidelines for certain things, yes.
  - Q. Did he give you advice on that?
- A. I had already been aware of those guidelines and standards.
  - Q. How did you become aware of the guidelines and standards?
  - A. Just through the engineering work and interaction with other engineers and interaction with DuPont engineers too.
  - Q. When you first started working for DuPont, when did you first learn anything about the DuPont requirements?
  - A. I probably would have learned it very quickly.

    Because their standards are very thorough, and it is one
    of the links -- to be honest, how I'm saying this, it is

- one of the links on my favorites list of DuPont sites, and it is towards the top, and it is based on time that they are put on, so it would have had to have been fairly, fairly soon after starting there.
  - Q. Like how soon after?
  - A. I'm guessing within a month.
- Q. And did someone tell you that DuPont had these requirements and standards?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. That needed to be met?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- 12 Q. Who told you that?
- 13 A. That would be Jack Baker.
- Q. And because Jack Baker was your supervisor at the time?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Explain in detail how you were made aware of the specific standards. Did he show them to you? I mean, did he give you a document?
  - A. I think how it came about was, knowing what I was working on at the time, I had asked him to check certain calculations that I had done, because they were the first ones I had ever done, and parts of it weren't correct -- well, they weren't correct because they didn't follow a

certain DuPont standard.

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So he showed me, then he showed me the web pages within the DuPont Internet that, for different, depending on what you are looking at, whether it be piping, insulation, whatever, he showed me the different websites that talk about the standards and the guidelines for each aspect in engineering project.

- Before you did those calculations were you aware that DuPont had standards and guidelines?
  - Α. No.
- Before BE&K starts a project for a client, are Q. the engineers ever consulted on how many hours should be budgeted for each task?
  - Α. Yes. Well, from the DTT perspective, yes.
  - Why is that? Q.
- We wanted to be able to give the client an accurate measure of what it is going to take to perform the work. We don't want to under -- we don't want to undercut it and then make the client think we are going over budget. And at the same time, we can't get the client to agree to just some number with no ceiling on it.
- So before the budget is actually done, the engineers are consulted as to how many hours they think



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they will need to get a particular task completed?
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             From my perspective within the DTT project, yes.
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             That has been your experience?
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        Ο.
        Α.
             Yes.
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             Basically, your experience has just been this one
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        Q.
    DTT project?
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              Yes.
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        Α.
              Since you became the project lead, have you been
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    involved in any other projects besides DTT?
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         Α.,
              Yes.
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         Q.
              How many others?
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              Since becoming the lead?
         Α.
         Q.
              Yes.
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              My best guess is two.
14
         Α.
15
         Q.
              Now, before you became --
                      Three. It is three actually.
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         Α.
              Sorry.
17
         Q.
              Before you became the project lead on the DTT
     project were you involved in other projects besides DTT?
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         Α.
              Yes.
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              How many?
         Q.
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- A. This is tougher, but I'm going to guess two, because I can think of two off the top of my head.
- Q. What was the first project that you were involved in while working at BE&K besides the DTT project?



- they needed me to model the piping system for the steam to make sure they had selected the right pipe sizes, the right control valves for the steam line, so that the users downstream wouldn't be choked from steam or they wouldn't have too much steam supplied to them.
- Q. Was this relief device work?
- 7 A. No, this wasn't.
  - Q. How would you describe this work that you were doing?
- 10 A. I just call it line sizing, if you want. Line 11 sizing, if you want something similar.
  - Q. Line sizing?
- 13 A. Line sizing, yes.
- 14 Q. L-I-N-E, S-I-Z-I-N-G?
- 15 A. Yes.

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- Q. Can you list the different type of work process engineers would do? You said relief device.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. Line sizing work. What other type of things would process engineers do?
  - A. Pump sizing. Heat exchanger design. General equipment specifications. To go along with pump sizing I should have added in blower and fan compressors. They are all kind of the same gist, same mold.

When I said equipment selection, that pretty much encompasses everything. I mean reactors, tanks, holding tanks, distillation columns, that type of stuff.

- Q. Is the expectation that all the process engineers in the Process Department can do this type of work, if asked?
- A. The expectation is yes. But it would depend on experience level. An Engineer I, say me coming out of college, I could have done equipment selection, design distillation column, reactors. I could have done it. I had the background to do it. But I didn't have the experience, so I would have fumbled through it. I would have needed a Senior Engineer guiding me.

I could have sized the pump. I could do line sizing. But a more Senior Engineer, with the experience built up from all the experience, would be more apt to doing say a heat exchanger design or equipment selection like a distillation column or reactor, something like that.

- Q. But you are all doing the same work, it is just a less experienced engineer may need more assistance in the beginning; is that what you mean?
- A. They could do the same work. I don't know if everyone is. But you could technically do the same work.

- It is just a younger engineer, an Engineer I, Engineer

  II, even a III would need the help of a Senior Engineer

  to complete a task like that, like equipment selection or

  something.
  - Q. But senior engineers and Engineer Is, IIs and IIIS were doing the type of tasks that you just described to me?
- 8 A. Yes, yes.

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- 9 Q. Okay. The project in the Hercules plant, is that 10 over? Do you know?
- 11 A. To the best of my knowledge, it is. But I don't 12 know for sure.
- Q. Okay. How long did you work on this project?
- A. That was about, I'm guessing about two weeks of work.
- Q. So you were just asked to do a small assignment for it?
- A. Yes. It is usually just one specific thing that they need from me.
  - Q. What was the next one?
- A. The next one would have been another line sizing project. Honestly, I can't tell you what plant it is. I believe it was for a DuPont plant.
  - Q. And when was this?

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    spread out.
             How long did you work on this one?
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             It was probably off and on for about a month.
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    wasn't like a solid month of work, put it that way.
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             What was the next project?
        Q.
             The next project is, it is for DuPont's Manati
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        Α.
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    plant, M-A-N-A-T-I.
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             M-A-N-A-T-I?
        Q.
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        Α.
             Yes. And it was to check the -- they had just
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    purchased two new refrigeration units and they needed
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    relief devices checked on the refrigeration units.
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        Q.
             Needed relief devices checked on refrigeration
    units?
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        Α.
             Mm-hmm.
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        Q.
             And how long was this project that you worked on
    it?
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             Okay. For me working on it, it was an ongoing
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    thing, and I have -- I would guess about two months
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    maybe, and it is still going.
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             Was it an ongoing project when you started
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    working on it?
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A. Yes.

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Q. Now, the DTT project, is that considered a large

24 project or a small project?



- A. I would probably consider it a large project.
- Q. Why?

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- A. Based on the number of process engineers that are currently on the project and based on the time scale of the project, and probably because I know of what the budget looks like for the project too.
  - Q. What is the budget for the project?
- A. It changes probably weekly. But right now it is about one-and-a-half million dollars of engineering.
- Q. This project at Hercules plant, was that a large project or a small project?
  - A. I don't know.
- Q. The project, DuPont plant where you did line sizing and pump sizing in the spring of 2004 --
  - A. Okay.
    - Q. -- was that a large or a small project?
- 17 A. I don't know.
- Q. The next project that you worked on where you did
  the relief device calculations in 2005, was that a large
  or small project?
  - A. That I think is, I'm pretty sure that's small project work.
    - Q. Why would you say it was a small project?
    - A. Because the plant that the work was completed at,



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we have a site team there, which means they are BE&K
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    engineers that work at the DuPont facility in daily
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    operation, projects, etcetera.
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                  We do, when the site team has a project, we
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    will often support it from the home office and that was
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    the scope of that project. So I would consider that
7
    small project work.
                  (Discussion off the record.)
8
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        Q.
             Have you ever been advised that there was a
10
    decline in large projects?
        Α.
             Yes.
11
12
        Q.
             When?
13
        Α.
             Time-wise, I don't, I don't know. I have no
14
    idea.
15
             Well, who told you that?
        Q.
             Specifically, I don't know. I think I just heard
16
        Α.
17
    that kind of bantered back and forth.
18
                  My -- if I had to guess I would say Jack
    Baker, though.
19
20
             Are you able to work on large projects as well as
21
    small projects?
22
             I don't know why I wouldn't be able to.
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engineers in the Process Department for them to be able

Is the expectation of the Process Department

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to work on both large and small projects?

- A. I don't know -- I wouldn't -- I don't know.
- Q. So you believe that a person with your background has the ability to work on both large and small projects?
  - A. That's my feeling.
- Q. How about some of the other engineers you work with at BE&K?
  - A. What?

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- Q. Do you believe the backgrounds of the employees who were hired at BE&K gave them the capability to work on both large and small projects?
- A. In my mind, I think, I think -- see, this is my lack of experience, and this is my not being a department manager or something.

In my mind, anybody should be able to work on large or small projects. I don't know if that's truly the case, though.

- Q. Are you aware if certain people had specialties as far as doing large project work as opposed to small project work?
  - A. No.
- Q. Was it your impression that engineers were just working on both large and small projects?
  - A. Yes, yes, as far as I know.

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- Q. And who makes the decision that there's going to be a reduction in force?
  - A. The managers.
- Q. Like what managers? The managers on the project?
- A. We have department managers that manage employees and part of their job is to know what projects to assign, what projects are incoming, what projects are going away, being completed. So they try to shift our employees onto other work when it's available.
- Q. Is it the department managers who make that decision or do they consult with other BE&K officials?
- A. They know when they run out of work and they take it to the chief engineer and the chief engineer has to consult with them and then he also will apprise the general office manager.
  - Q. Is there anybody else that's consulted?
- A. The only other thing BE&K will do is try to find work in other offices. We call all the other engineering offices to see if they have work they can send up for us.
- Q. So you said the department manager will go to the chief engineer, then the chief engineer will speak



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- So the people involved in making a decision that there's going to be a reduction in force is the general manager, the civil engineer and the project manager?
  - Α. Yes.

But can I qualify that just to give you a better picture?

- Q. Sure.
- It's the discipline manager, the person's Α. manager, and the chief engineer or it would be the manager of projects because he oversees the project managers. And then they just let the general manager know what's going on and they try to see if there's other options.
  - Are there any other people involved? Q.
- 17 Α. No.
  - Well, who is the one who makes the ultimate Q. decision we have to let this person go or we can put them somewhere else?
  - I don't know. I'm not involved in those Α. discussions. I know the manager will go to his manager and say, "I have no work for this person."
    - Now, what is Allstates? Q.



- Q. What do you mean? Other BE&K companies?
- A. Other BE&K companies, DuPont Company, Hercules, Sun Oil, other companies.
  - Q. Is Allstates a subsidiary of BE&K?
- A. Yes.

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Q. What are the benefits to BE&K to have one of their employees fall under Allstates?

MS. DiBIANCA: I'm just going to object as to form.

You can answer.

A. I can only answer on what I observe. Allstates dedicates their time to recruiting and interviewing constantly, so they usually have people that they can bring on. So they can hire faster than I can.

So a manager can get a placement much more quickly through Allstates.

- Q. Is there any difference between being employed by BE&K and being employed by Allstates?
  - A. Yes, there is a difference.
  - Q. What is the difference?
- A. On the Allstates side you have more



- 1 Q. And who is this person?
  - Michael DeMarco. Α.
    - How do you spell Mr. DeMarco's last name? Q.
  - Α. D-e-M-a-r-c-o.
  - And what was his complaint? Q.
    - He said it cost him more for benefits being an Allstates employee.
    - Q. Was there anything else he complained about with respect to being an Allstates employee?
- 10 Α. No.

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- 11 Q. And when did he voice his complaint to you?
- 12 Α. After he was laid off. I don't know when.
- 13 Do you know if he was laid off this year? Q.
- 14 Α. No. It was two, three years ago.
- 15 Q. Is he still an Allstates employee?
- 16 Α. No.
- 17 Q. Do you know when he stopped?
- 18 Α. It was sometime this year.
- 19 Do you know why he's no longer working for 0.
- 20 Allstates?

- 21 Α. Because he's back with BE&K.
  - Q. Do you know why he's back with BE&K?
- 23 Α. I do not know why.
- 24 Q. Do you know what his position is?



- Do you know how much of Allstates' work Q. percentage-wise is for BE&K projects?
  - I don't know the answer to that question. Α.
  - Q. Do you know if it's over 50 percent? Do you understand my question?
  - No. Rephrase it. Α.

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- Q. What I want to know is what percentage of Allstates' employees are working on BE&K projects?
- Α. I can't answer that. I can tell you in our office under the Delaware office, and that includes site teams, a third of the people that work for BE&K Delaware are Allstates. But the people in the Allstates office, I don't know how many employees they have that go to other companies.
- So a third of the people in Newark, Delaware are Allstates employees?
- A third of the people that are paid out of Newark, Delaware are Allstates employees. They could be in Fort Madison or -- yeah.
- Do you know if it's the same percentage of engineers that work at BE&K who are Allstates employees?
  - Α. I don't know.
- Do you know why BE&K would bring somebody from Q.



- Do you recall what it was approximately last 1 Q. 2 year? 3 I'm guessing. I've had about 70 new hires. Α. don't know how many terminations, but it was probably 4 closer to 230. 5 6
  - Do you recall approximately what the number was in 2004?
    - Α. No. But it would have been low.
    - Q. Lower than 230?
- I don't know that. It would have been low 10 Α. because we weren't hiring too much. 11
- So there was less hiring in 2004? 12 Q.
- Yes. 13 Α.

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- 14 Now, 2003, can you recall approximately how 15 many employees there were at the Newark, Delaware facility? 16
- 17 Α. No.
- Well, you said 2003 was a bad year, correct? 18 Q.
- 19 Α. (The witness nodded.)
- 20 Q. Do you recall approximately how many people 21 were let go in 2003?
  - No. I would have to go back and look at my Α. records because through attrition we didn't replace and then we were forced to lay off some people.

